

# XTM-50

## Tunable Filter with Adjustable Bandwidth

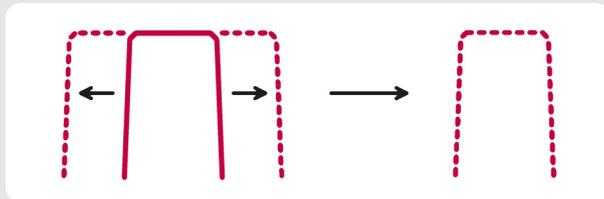
**Yenista** is renowned for its tunable filter technology which provides the best optical properties for telecom applications. With the XTM-50 both center wavelength and bandwidth can be independently adjusted. It is manually controlled and versions are available covering all the key telecom wavelengths from 1260 nm to 1650 nm and bandwidths from 32 pm (4 GHz) to 5 nm.



### Key Features

#### Adjustable Bandwidth Flat-top Filter

The bandwidth of the XTM-50 filters can be adjusted independently of the center wavelength. The filter has a flat-top profile with minimal ripple, less than 0.2 dB. Models are available with FWHM bandwidths from 32 pm (4 GHz) up to 5 nm (625 GHz).



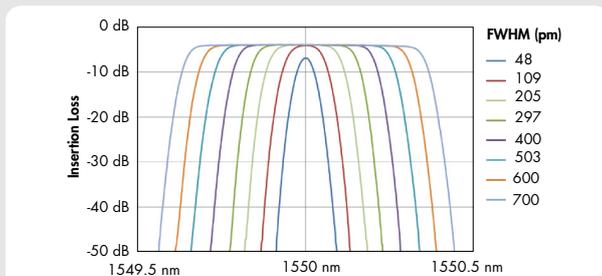
Bandwidth and Wavelength Tuning

#### Ultra-sharp Filter Edges

The XTM-50 uses Yenista's patented quadrupal pass technology. This creates extremely sharp filter edges with slopes of up to 800 dB/nm. Single or groups of narrowly spaced DWDM channels or coherent super-channels can be selected with ease.

#### High Isolation

In addition to the sharp filter edges, Yenista's quadrupal pass technology achieves higher isolation than conventional double-pass filters. Isolation is typically 60 dB.



XTM-50 at 1550 nm

### 200 nm Wavelength Range

All models have a very wide wavelength range and cover the key telecom wavelengths from 1260 nm to 1650 nm. The O-band model has 100 nm range. The SCL band model cover up to a useful 200 nm range.

### High Accuracy & Repeatability

High resolution translation stages are used for both wavelength and bandwidth control. This ensures the XTM-50 can be set accurately and repeatedly over time.

### Narrowest Filter - Highest Selectivity

The XTM-50 is the most selective filter on the market. Models are available with filter bandwidths from 32 pm (4 GHz) up to 5 nm (625 GHz).

### Applications

#### DWDM Channel Selection

Low dispersion, steep edges and high isolation mean that DWDM channels, or even coherent superchannels with spacing down to 10 GHz, can be separated with ease. BER tests have never been so good!

#### Variable OSNR Source

A variable OSNR source typically consists of an ASE source combined with a variable attenuator. Adding the XTM-50 with a flat-top adjustable bandwidth enables consistent noise loading for all DWDM wavelengths.

#### R&D of Modulation Formats

The XTM-50 is perfect for the filtering and analysis of sub-bands of complex modulations formats.

#### Pulse Shaping

Wide bandwidth flexibility enables the filter to be used for pulse shaping of femtosecond lasers.

## Specifications

Optical Characteristics	XTM-50 Standard	XTM-50 Ultrafine	XTM-50 O-band*1	XTM-50 Wide
Wavelength range	1450 to 1650 nm	1480 to 1620 nm	1260 to 1360 nm	1525 to 1610 nm
Wavelength resolution	5 pm*2	5 pm*2	5 pm*2	5 pm*2
Minimum bandwidth (FWHM)	50 pm (6.25 GHz)	32 pm (4 GHz)	50 pm (8 GHz)	50 pm (6.25 GHz)
Maximum bandwidth (FWHM)	950 pm (120 GHz)	650 pm (80 GHz)	900 pm (160 GHz)	5000 pm (625 GHz)
Bandwidth resolution	1 pm	1 pm	1 pm	0.3 % of FWHM typ.
Filter edge gradient	500 dB/nm typical*3	800 dB/nm typical	500 dB/nm typical*3	500 dB/nm typical*4
Insertion loss	5 dB (4.5 dB typical)*5*6	5 dB (4.0 dB typical)*6*7	5 dB (4.5 dB typical)*6*8	5 dB (4.5 dB typical)*9*10
Flatness	0.2 dB*11	0.2 dB*12	0.3 dB*11*13	0.2 dB*14
Polarization dependent loss	±0.2 dB*5	±0.2 dB*7	±0.2 dB*8	±0.2 dB*9
Out-of-band suppression (crosstalk)	40 dB (60 dB typical)*15	40 dB (50 dB typical)*15	40 dB (60 dB typical)*15	40 dB (45 dB typical)*15
<b>Interface</b>				
Optical fiber type	SMF or PMF		SMF	
Connector type	FC/PC or FC/APC			
<b>Operating Conditions</b>				
Temperature range	15° to 35°C			
Maximum optical input power	30 dBm		27 dBm	
<b>Size</b>				
Dimensions (W x D x H)	230 x 173 x 136 mm			
Weight	2.2 kg			

\*1: Specifications apply for wavelengths not equal to any water absorption line.

\*2: Typical, related to user dexterity.

\*3: From -3 and -40 dB for FWHM <800 pm.

\*4: Between -3 and -40 dB. Typically 550 dB/nm @ FWHM = 50 pm, 450 dB/nm @ FWHM = 1 nm, 225 dB/nm @ FWHM = 5 nm.

\*5: From 1500 to 1600 nm & FWHM >100 pm.

\*6: At lowest FWHM the insertion loss is 7 dB typical.

\*7: From 1500 to 1600 nm & FWHM >60 pm.

\*8: From 1280 to 1340 nm & FWHM >100 pm.

\*9: For FWHM >100 pm.

\*10: At lowest FWHM the insertion loss is < 7.0 dB.

\*11: Centered width of FWHM - 150 pm. For 150 pm < FWHM < 650 pm.

\*12: Centered width of FWHM - 100 pm. For 100 pm < FWHM < 500 pm.

\*13: From 1280 to 1340 nm.

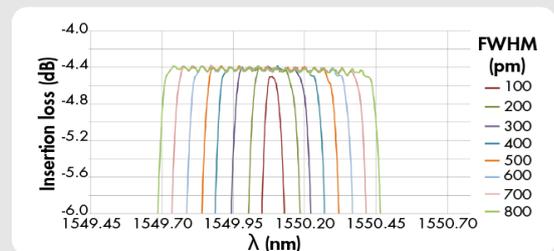
\*14: Centered width of FWHM - 150 pm. For 150 pm < FWHM < 2000 pm.

\*15: Measured 1 nm away from the -3 dB points.

## Advanced Features & Performance



Easy access to optical connectors for cleaning. Easing maintenance and enabling the lowest losses to be maintained.



Expanded View of Filter Profile (Wide)

## Electronic Versions Available



**XTA-50  
&  
XFA-50**

Electronic versions are also available. These provide a touch panel interface as well as USB, Ethernet and RS-232C ports for remote control. The XFA-50 filter has a fixed bandwidth and is designed to minimize costs for production facilities. The XTA-50 is accurately calibrated and has both bandwidth and wavelength control. Optical properties are equivalent to the XTM-50.

**Yenista  
OPTICS**

### Contacts

**Americas** sales-am@yenista.com +1 805 367 4075

**Asia Pacific** sales-apac@yenista.com +65 6631 8520

**China** sales-china@yenista.com +86 21 6225 3573

**EMEA** sales-emea@yenista.com +33 2 9648 3716